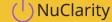
Catch-22 of Nuclear Energy

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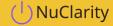


Why has Nuclear energy failed in the west?

Safety? Waste? Public opinion? Proliferation risk?

Three-mile Island? Chernobyl? Fukushima?



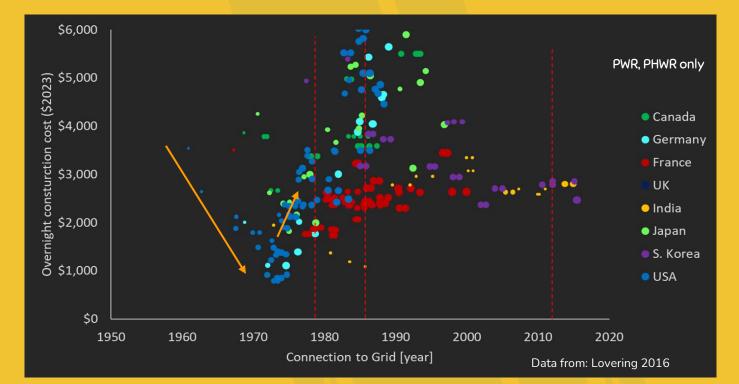


As usual, Follow the money

US Nuclear stopped being competitive around 1975

Mechanism: Regulatory ratchet

Only state programs in recent decades

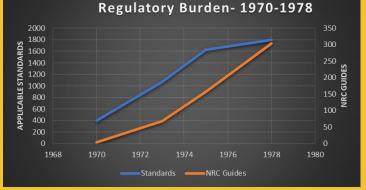


Missing from graph: China, Russia (no cost data)



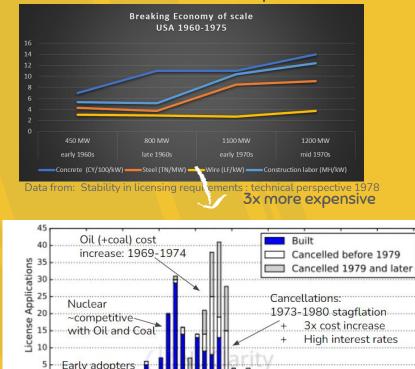
US mid 70s: Regulation Breaking Economy of Scale

Increased regulatory requirements



Data from: Stability in licensing requirements : technical perspective 1978

More materials and labour per kW



Graph From: why has nuclear Energy been a flop p. 204

1975

1980

1985

1990

1995

2000

1970

1960

1950

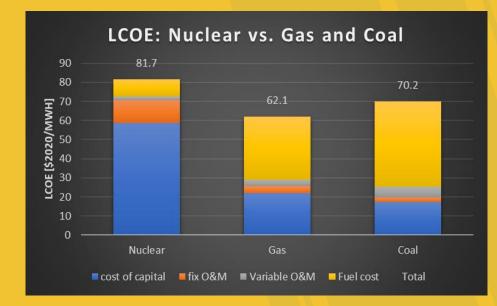
Most plants canceled in 70's no new plants

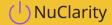


Nuclear can be successful only if it is <u>price competitive</u> in the energy market and <u>investible</u>



Nuclear cost structure (Large Water Reactors)



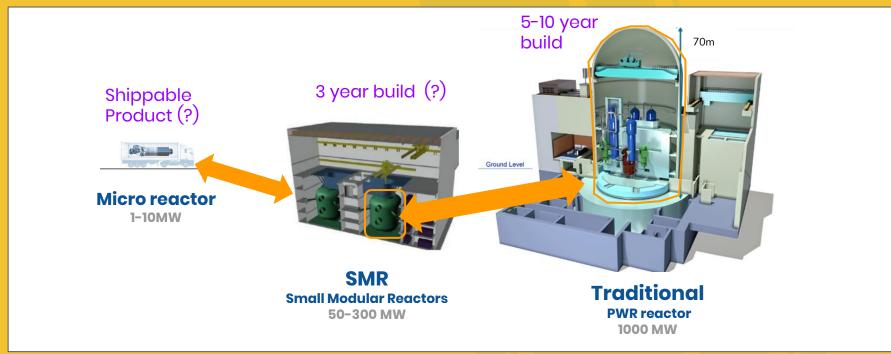


What drives the LWR cap cost?



SMRs and advanced Nuclear

Paradigm shift in nuclear?





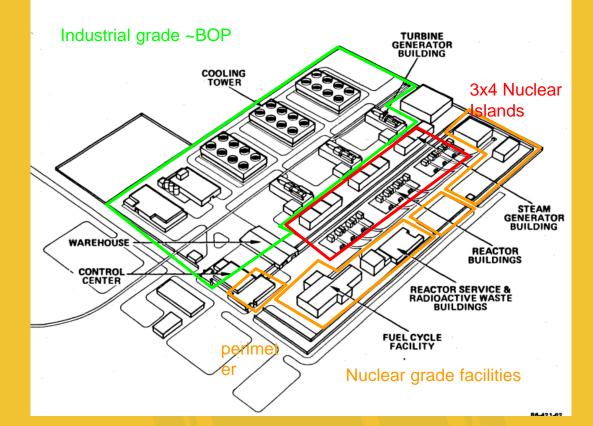
PWR: pressurized water reactor

SMR Reactor vs. everything else

3100MW Gen IV NPP layout 3x4 GE Prism SFR reactors

Can you spot the reactor?

We tend to concentrate on the Nuclear island. It is only a fraction of the cost.



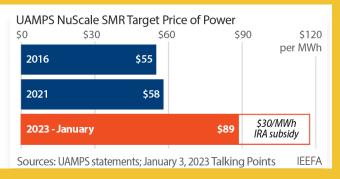
Deep dive: NuScale (Voygr)

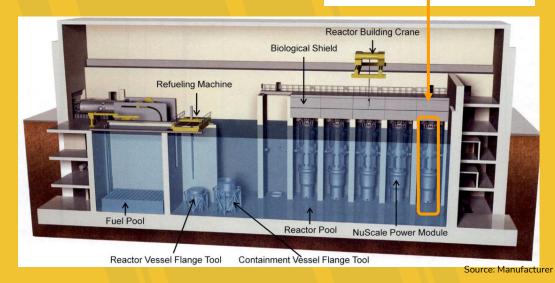
Integrated passive design- no pumps

But:

- 10x lower power- 3x more expensive than LWR
- Each 77MW module has its own steam turbine generator (=\$\$)
- Huge pool building- 100x50x45 m³

Cost Estimation: 3,000→ ~15,000 \$/kW





Ground Level

Typical Large PWR

Source: Nuscale

NuClarity

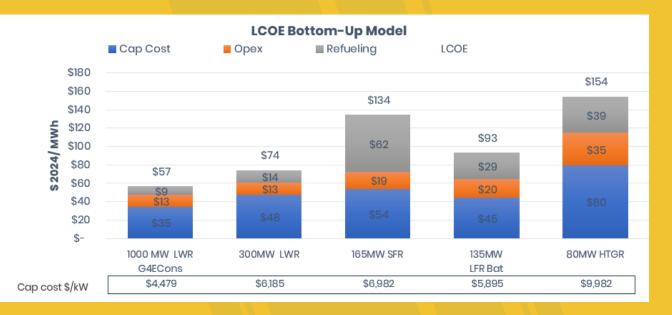
NuClarity bottom-up cost model

Detailed accounting of full cost of nuclear power plant.

All models are wrong; some are useful...

Fuel cost is very important in Gen IV SMR design cost

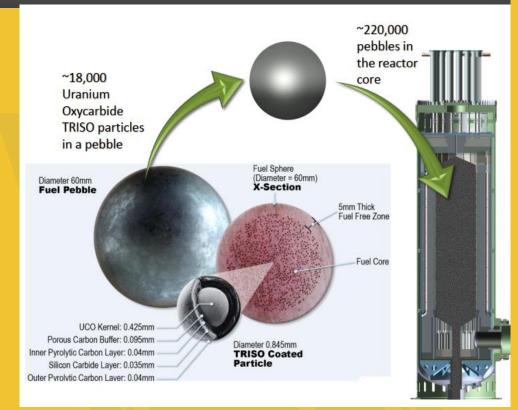
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Deep dive: X-Energy (Xe-100)

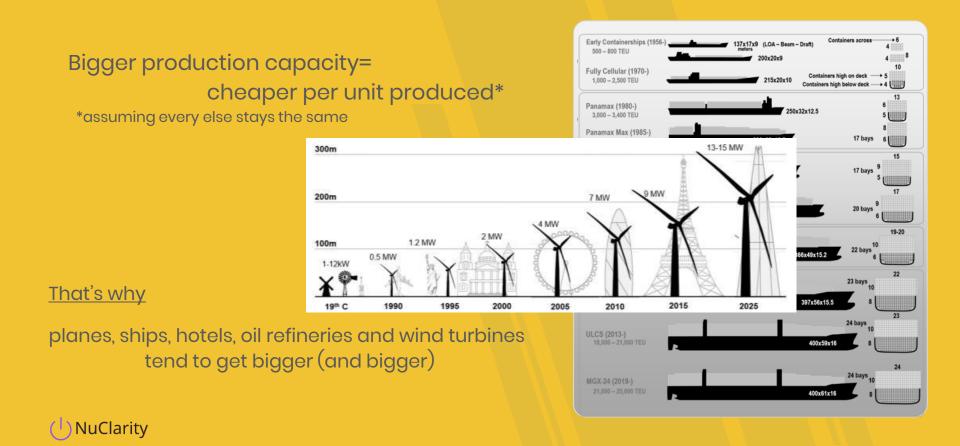
- 80MW
- Gen IV: High temp gas cooled
- TRISO fuel
 - Safe and 10x more expensive vs. PWR fuel
- Standard very small off the shelf steam turbine

Vendor estimation: 7,500\$/kW Our estimation: 9700\$/kW Chinese HTGR : ~6000\$/kW @200MW reactor



Source: Manufacturer

Economy of scale



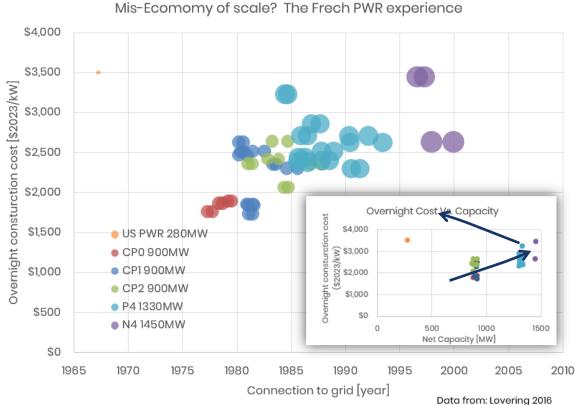
Nuclear: Broken economy of scale?

- It is very hard to find examples where economy of scale seems to work in Nuclear
- Going smaller today

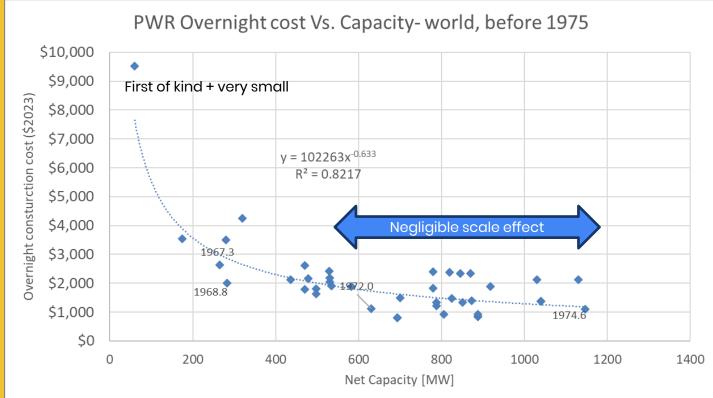
 -> expected to be
 more expensive

 *all things being equal

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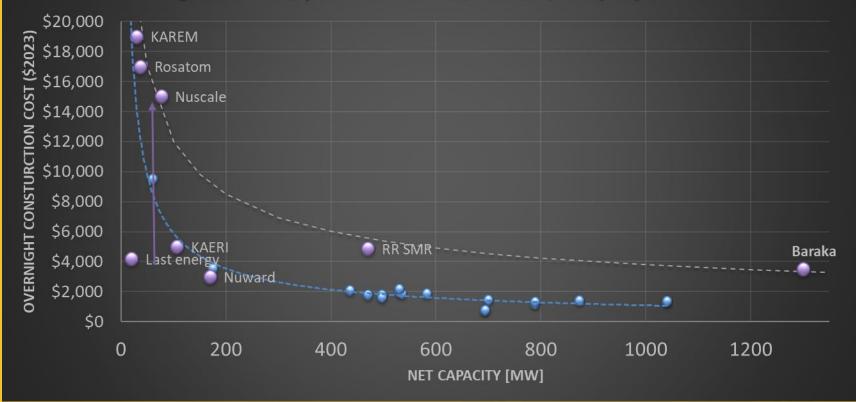
Nuclear: economy of scale "below 500MW"...



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Data from: Lovering 2016

Overnight cost Vs. Capacity- historic and stated Westinghouse PWR, pre 1975 Historic; Barakah; company statements



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Water cooled SMR's buildings are not small



Deep dive: Last energy (SMR-20)

- <u>"No new tech"</u>- old school
- size, modularity
- 20MW- 50x smaller , 7x cost increase

Claiming 5,000\$/kW!

2024 update: claiming **70\$ per MWh opex** (i.e. very expensive)





Source: Manufacturer



Catch 22 of advanced Nuclear



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Where do we go from here? (For SMR developers)

- **Optimize for cost** from ideation and in every step
- Size matters: Aim for a bigger SMR if possible
- Minimize Nuclear fuel costs
- Fight over-design by engineers
- Fight expensive unjustified regulatory bloat (ALARA)
- Think about the plant as a whole
 - minimize overheads, share auxiliaries









